NOAA's One Health Approach: Integrating Environmental Information to Reduce Health Risks

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> > Drought and Health Summit June 17-19, 2019

Many human, animal and ecological systems are already beyond limits



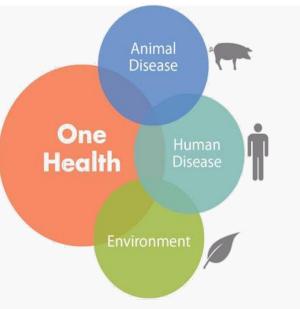
What is One Health?



One Health is "the collaborative effort of multiple disciplines working locally, nationally and globally - to attain optimal health for people, animals and the environment".

NOAA's One Health Approach

Human health is intimately tied to environmental conditions, and NOAA provides key stakeholders in the public health sector with the environmental intelligence from NOAA they need to mitigate emerging health threats.



Current Activities

- Engagement between ESRL FIREX and CDC to share field campaign outcomes with health experts.
- Developing One Health Story Map for NOAA (September)
- Organizing NOAA One Health and NWS Weather Ready Nation Health Ambassadors Roundtable (2020).

Extreme Conditions Heat, Drought, Severe Weather Dramatic climate-driven changes to regional ecosystems impact local human health

The Arctic

Benefits from the Sea Marine products and nutrition Air Quality Aero-allergens, pollution Weather patterns and atmospheric drivers

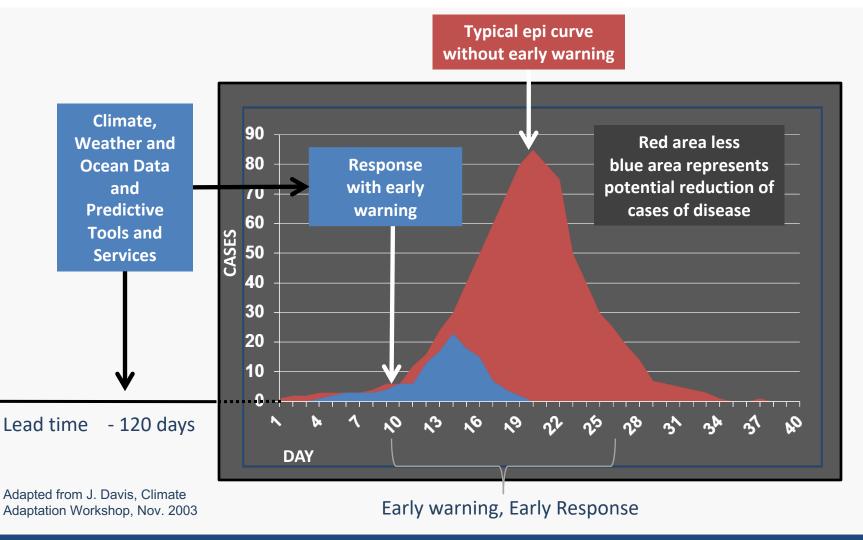
Water-Borne Disease Harmful algal bloom and Vibrio forecasts; Water Quality Vector-Borne Disease Climate impacts on ranges and transmission

Marine Mammal Disease Marine Mammal Health M.A.P. Unusual Mortality Events



Getting ahead of the Curve:

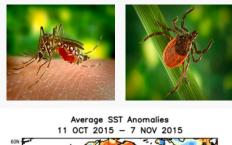
Changing the Culture to Prediction, Planning, and Prevention

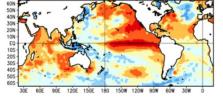


Enhancing Public Health Engagement, Outreach, and Feedback throughout

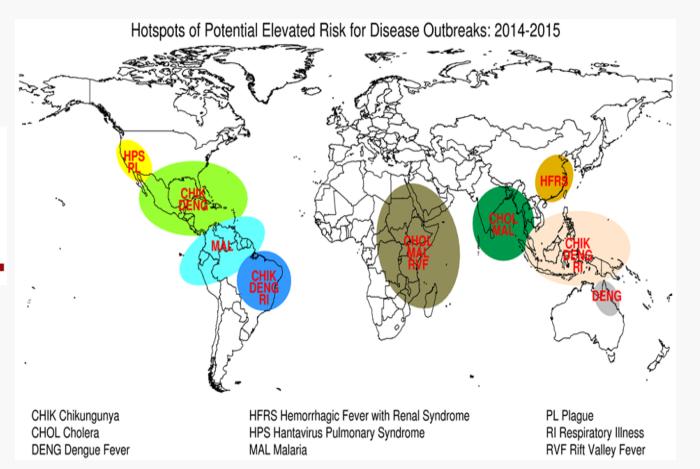
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Predicting Infectious Disease Risk





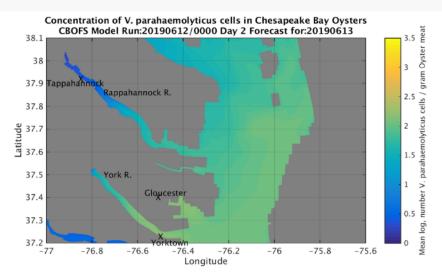
Predicting possible disease outbreaks during El Nino events such as the '14-'16 event could inform early action



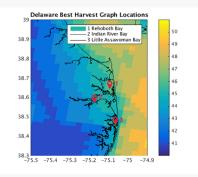
Chretien J, Anyamba A, Small J, Britch S, Sanchez JL, Halbach AC, Tucker C, Linthicum KJ. Global Climate Anomalies and Potential Infectious Disease Risks: 2014-2015. PLOS Currents Outbreaks. 2015 Jan 26 . Edition 1. doi: 10.1371/currents.outbreaks.95fbc4a8fb4695e049baabfc2fc8289f.

Predicting Vibrio Risk

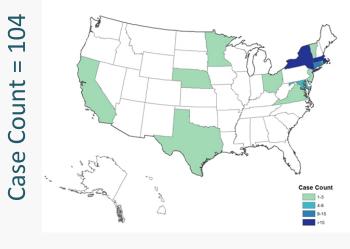
Vibrio Prediction 13 June 2019

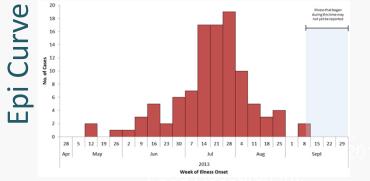


These graphs allow users to determine where and when the highest doubling times will occur in advance to plan harvest and cooling strategies



2013 parahaemolyticus Outbreak





Rift Valley Fever Emerging Health Risk Notification

 Emerging Health Risk Notification, 20 Dec 2015. El Niño and Rift Valley fever (RVF) risk, east Africa. This Notification is a pilot effort of an interagency working group that integrates Federal expertise to synthesize risk information and response options for biological threats to US citizens and interests. The Notification is provided to USG operational biosurveillance centers for analysis and dissemination. *Pandemic Prediction and Forecasting Science and Technology Working Group (PPFST)*.



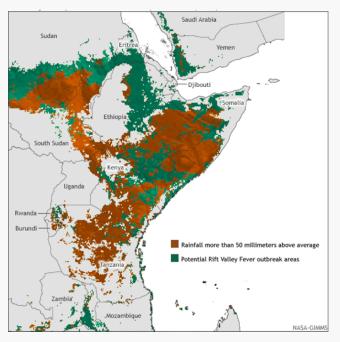


Fig 2. Rainfall RVF hotspots in east Africa, 1 Oct-16 Dec 2015.

Dark green: Potential epizootic areas (areas with previous known or predicted presence of RVF virus). Dark red: Potential epizootic areas with recent heavy rainfall. These are current RVF risk areas. *NASA/GSFC/GIMMS, USDA/ARS/CMAVE*.



Predicting Climate Sensitive Infectious Diseases to Protect Public Health and Strengthen National Security

- While NOAA, NASA, and other agencies have supported research on this topic, the activities are not well integrated nor well used by decision makers for planning, preparing and building resilience.
- Activities were conducted under the auspices of the USGCRP Interagency Group on Integrated Modeling (IGIM), the USGCRP Interagency Crosscutting Group on Climate Change and Human Health (CCHHG), and the Pandemic Prediction and Forecasting Science and Technology Working Group (PPFST).



Key takeaways from the report include needs for:

- Engaging the Academic Community
- Identifying sustainable institutional design & best practices
- Interagency and Academic partnership arrangements for joint product development.
- Global Risk Mapping to support troops abroad
- Seasonal Forecasts for Health early warning
- Platform(s) to share data from earth observation, environmental sampling, public health, and socio-economic data sets Innovation challenges to encourage novel solutions

Drinking and Recreational Waters and Harmful Algae

Toledo's water crisis



An algal toxin in Lake Erie contaminated the drinking water used by Toledo and many of its suburbs in August, 2014. It prompted a "do not drink" advisory for parts of three days and fueled public discussions about what created the problem and how to prevent it from happening again.

Saturday, Aug. 2: City issues 'do not drink' water advisory

Over a half million people impacted by "Do Not Drink Advisories" in Northwest Ohio and Southeast Michigan. (August 1--3, 2014)







What Sentinels Species Are Telling us?







Ken Weiss

- Unexplained mortalities of marine mammals and sea turtles increasing
- HABs kill manatees; 50% of sea otter mortality related to exposure to run-off of land-based pathogens; 15% of CA sea lions have cancer
- Degraded coastal habitats provide early warning of large-scale aquatic ecosystem impairment that can impact human health
- Links to El Nino Southern Oscillation and Pacific Decadal Oscillation



Building Awareness and Capacity-people and institutions

Answer the Right Question Define Demand and Requirements

Provide Information Useful for Decision-makers

Effective Actions for <u>Preparedness</u> and Resilience

Communicate and Engage Make or sustain Surveillance, Observations, Monitoring & Predictions

Research Underpins the ENTIRE Integrated Information System

National Integrated Heat Health Information System

- NOAA and CDC launched the National Integrated Heat Health Information System (NIHHIS) in June of 2015 to address heat across timescales
- NIHHIS quickly grew to include representation from several agencies (right) in an interagency working group. The group launched the <u>NIHHIS portal</u> and began harmonizing information and guidance.
- NIHHIS has also launched regional, transboundary pilots to understand local decisionmaking contexts and needs, and to improve the information.
- Interagency, Pilots, Partners, Web Portal, student rotations, GHHIN



The National Integrated Heat Health Information System weaves together existing pieces, identifies information needs and helps to develop needed climate services.

NIHHIS will facilitate an integrated approach to providing a suite of decision support services to reduce heat related illness and death



NOAA's 9 Key Focal Areas



Thinking in Systems

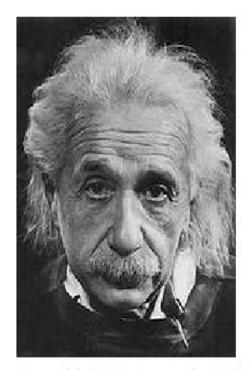


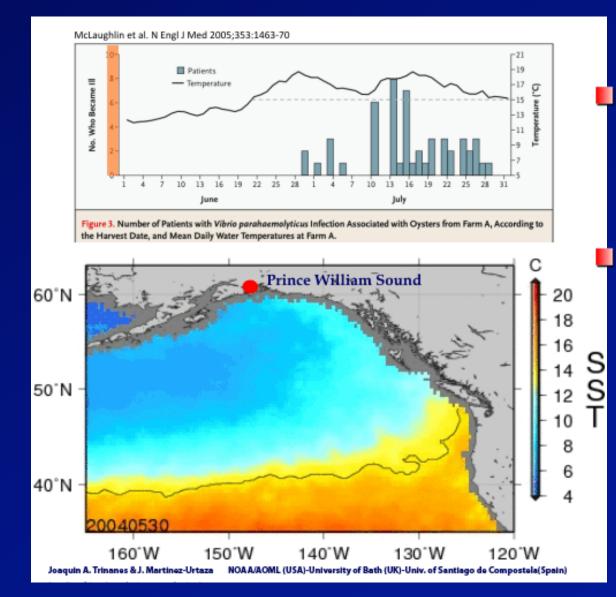
Image Source: Flickr Creative Commons, by mansionwb

"The problems we have created in the world today will not be solved by the level of thinking that created them."

--Albert Einstein

Thank You!

Alaska Vibrio Outbreak

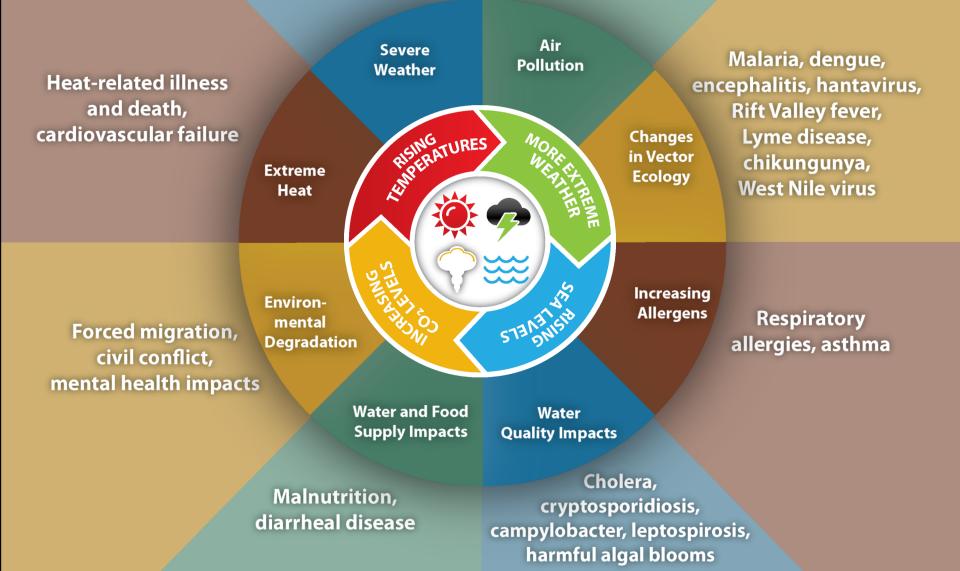


2004 – 62 cases associated with shellfish consumption. *Vp* O:4 K:12 – transported from Puget Sound

Martinez-Urtaza, Bowers, Trinanes, and Depaola (2010) Food Research Int.

Impact of Climate Change on Human Health

Injuries, fatalities, mental health impacts Asthma, cardiovascular disease



Links and Resources

National Center for Environmental Information-weather and climates, oceans, coasts, geophysics <u>https://www.ncei.noaa.gov</u>

Climate Resilient Toolkit-tools, case studies, do it yourself, learn from others <u>https://toolkit.climate.gov/</u>

NIHHIS <u>https://toolkit.climate.gov/nihhis/</u>

Global Heat Health Information Network <u>https://ghhin.org</u>

NOAA Climate Program Office <u>http://cpo.noaa.gov/GrantsandProjects.asp</u>

